

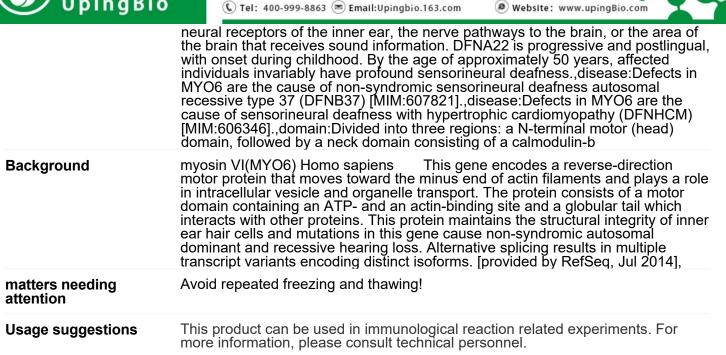
Website: www.upingBio.com

Myosin VI Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-03221
Isotype	lgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Gene Name	MYO6
Protein Name	Unconventional myosin-VI
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from Myosin VI . at AA range: 40-120
Specificity	Myosin VI Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Myosin VI protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC-p: 1:100-300 ELISA: 1/5000 IF 1:50-200
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	MYO6; KIAA0389; Unconventional myosin-VI; Unconventional myosin-6
Observed Band	149kD
Cell Pathway	Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein . Golgi apparatus . Nucleus . Cytoplasm, perinuclear region . Membrane, clathrin-coated pit . Cytoplasmic vesicle, clathrin-coated vesicle . Cell projection, filopodium . Cell projection, ruffle membrane . Cell projection, microvillus . Cytoplasm, cytosol . Also present in endocyctic vesicles (PubMed:16507995). Translocates from membrane ruffles, endocytic vesicles and cytoplasm to Golgi apparatus, perinuclear membrane and nucleus through induction by p53 and p53-induced DNA damage (PubMed:16507995). Recruited into membrane ruffles from cell surface by EGF-stimulation (PubMed:9852149). Colocalizes with DAB2 in clathrin-coated pits/vesicles (PubMed:11967127). Colocalizes with OPTN at the Golgi complex and in vesicul
Tissue Specificity	Expressed in most tissues examined including heart, brain, placenta, pancreas, spleen, thymus, prostate, testis, ovary, small intestine and colon. Highest levels in brain, pancreas, testis and small intestine. Also expressed in fetal brain and cochlea. Isoform 1 and isoform 2, containing the small insert, and isoform 4, containing neither insert, are expressed in unpolarized epithelial cells.
Function	disease:Defects in MYO6 are the cause of non-syndromic sensorineural deafness autosomal dominant type 22 (DFNA22) [MIM:606346]. DFNA22 is a form of sensorineural hearing loss. Sensorineural deafness results from damage to the

\frown	
	优品生物
	UpingBio

UpingBio technology Co.,Ltd





UpingBio technology Co.,Ltd

🔇 Tel: 400-999-8863 📼 Email:Upingbio.163.com



Products Images

(kD) Western Blot analysis of extracts from Jurkat cells, using Myosin VI Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000 170-Myosin VI 130-95-72-55-Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat-brain, antibody was diluted at 1:100 Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat-brain, antibody was diluted at 1:100

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat-brain, antibody was diluted at 1:100



UpingBio technology Co.,Ltd

🔇 Tel: 400-999-8863 📼 Email:Upingbio.163.com

Website: www.upingBio.com

